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gliadin and glutenin. Wheat gluten is obtained by hydrating wheat flour and mechanically working the sticky mass to separate the wheat gluten from the starch and other flour components. Vital gluten is dried gluten that has retained its elastic properties.

- (b) FDA is developing food-grade specifications for wheat gluten in cooperation with the National Academy of Sciences. In the interim, the ingredient must be of a purity suitable for its intended use.
- (c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as generally recognized as safe (GRAS) as a direct human food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:
- (1) The ingredient is used as a dough strengthener as defined in \$170.3(o)(6) of this chapter; a formulation aid as defined in \$170.3(o)(14) of this chapter; a nutrient supplement as defined in \$170.3(o)(20) of this chapter; a processing aid as defined in \$170.3(o)(24) of this chapter; a stabilizer and thickener as defined in \$170.3(o)(28) of this chapter; a surface-finishing agent as defined in \$170.3(o)(30) of this chapter; and a texturizing agent as defined in \$170.3(o)(32) of this chapter.
- (2) The ingredient is used in food at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[50 FR 8998, Mar. 6, 1985]

§ 184.1323 Glyceryl monooleate.

- (a) Glyceryl monooleate is prepared by esterification of commerical oleic acid that is derived either from edible sources or from tall oil fatty acids meeting the requirements of §172.862 of this chapter. It contains glyceryl monooleate ($C_{21}H_{40}O_{4}$, CAS Reg. No. 25496–72-4) and glyceryl esters of fatty acids present in commercial oleic acid.
- (b) FDA is developing food-grade specifications for glyceryl monooleate in cooperation with the National Academy of Sciences. In the interim, this

ingredient must be of a purity suitable for its intended use.

- (c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as generally recognized as safe (GRAS) as a direct human food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:
- (1) The ingredient is used as a flavoring agent and adjuvant as defined in \$170.3(0)(12) of this chapter and as a solvent and vehicle as defined in \$170.3(0)(27) of this chapter.
- (2) The ingredient is used in the following foods at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice: baked goods and baking mixes as defined in \$170.3(n)(1) of this chapter; nonalcoholic beverages and beverage bases as defined in \$170.3(n)(3) of this chapter; chewing gum as defined in \$170.3(n)(6) of this chapter; and meat products as defined in \$170.3(n)(29) of this chapter.
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the use established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[54 FR 7403 Feb. 21, 1989]

§ 184.1324 Glyceryl monostearate.

- (a) Glyceryl monostearate, known as monostearin, is a mixture of variable proportions of glyceryl monostearate (C₂₁H₄₂O₄, CAS Reg. No. 31566-31-1). glyceryl monopalmitate $(C_{19}H_{38}O_4, CAS Reg. No. 26657-96-5)$ and glyceryl esters of fatty acids present in commercial stearic acid. Glyceryl monostearate is prepared glycerolysis of certain fats or oils that are derived from edible sources or by esterification, with glycerin, of stearic acid that is derived from edible sources.
- (b) FDA is developing food-grade specifications for glyceryl monostearate in cooperation with the National Academy of Sciences. In the interim, this ingredient must be of a purity suitable for its intended use.
- (c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice.